The holiday season is the time of year when families and friends gather to eat, exchange gifts and strengthen relationships. The Valley’s sunny skies and near-perfect weather offer people from all over the world a place to come and enjoy time outdoors during the winter. Cool nights and holiday festivities lead residents to light their fireplaces, adding a nice touch to a warm, cozy house. But not everyone gets to enjoy the holidays from home.

WHAT’S THE PROBLEM?

Every year around Christmas and New Year’s, Valley hospitals see a noticeable increase in patients with respiratory issues due to smoke from fireplaces. Most are children and the elderly, but even the most healthy adults can be affected. Exposure to high levels of particulates from smoke is not just a temporary nuisance but can have significant life-long effects on people’s lungs. The Phoenix metropolitan area is surrounded by mountains that trap the pollution. Cold winter nights and strong inversions can keep the smoke from rising. As seen from years past, it could take several days for the air in the Valley to clear.

The good news is that it can be prevented… but we need your help!

“I want to be able to enjoy the holidays outside like all the other kids, but smoke makes it hard to breathe”

-Sophie, age 12, Phoenix

HOW IS POLLUTION MEASURED?

Maricopa County and the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) have a large network of monitors located throughout the Valley that measure several types of pollution, including but not limited to ozone, carbon monoxide, and particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5). The data is collected daily and used for the next day’s air quality forecast.
FIREPLACES, FIRE PITS, AND CHIMINEAS

During the holiday season, it’s the particulates that cause the biggest health issue, in particular, PM2.5. Road traffic and industrial processes can play a role in elevated PM2.5 levels, but it’s smoke from residential burning at night that causes the highest levels during the holidays.

WHY IS SMOKE SO BAD?

These microscopic particles deeply penetrate the lungs and are very hard to expel. Repeated exposure over longer periods of time (several hours to even days) can decrease lung function leading to respiratory issues.

Smoke can cause symptoms of asthma and Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) to worsen. If you have heart disease, particle exposure can cause serious problems in a short period of time, even heart attacks with no warning signs. Smoke also carries fragments of pollen and/or mold which can cause allergies for much of the general population.

HEALTH WATCH vs. HIGH POLLUTION ADVISORY (HPA)

A Health Watch is issued when air quality forecasters expect concentrations of one or more pollutants to approach their specific health standard. A High Pollution Advisory is issued when air quality levels are expected to exceed the health standard.

WHEN IS IT OKAY TO BURN?

Fireplace and wood burning restrictions are typically called during a health watch or high pollution advisory. When a No Burn Day is issued by the Maricopa County Air Quality Department, all wood burning activities in fireplaces, wood stoves and fire pits are not allowed. You can contact Maricopa County to find out if it is a burn day online at CleanAirMakeMore.com or call (602) 506-6400. You can check ADEQ’s Daily Air Quality Forecast electronically at: www.azdeq.gov/environ/air/ozone/ensemble.pdf or by telephone at (602) 771-2367. Both are updated Sunday through Friday by 1 p.m. If a Health Watch or HPA is issued for the following day, restrictions go into effect for 24 hours, lasting from midnight to midnight.

You can sign up to receive Text Message Alerts to your e-mail or cell phone at: azdeq.gov/subscribe.html

WOOD BURNING DOs and DON'Ts

During a NO BURN Day:

• DO use only EPA-approved residential wood burning devices.
• DO call (602) 506-6010 with any wood-burning questions.
• DO NOT burn wood in an indoor fireplace, wood stove or outdoor fire pit.
• DO NOT burn manufactured/wax logs.

FIREPLACE and WOOD STOVE BURNING TIPS

• Set your thermostat to 65°F or lower before igniting your fireplace.
• Use only wood kindling when starting a fire.
• Use larger pieces of wood for sustained burning.
• Always burn the driest wood first. Wet wood causes more smoke.

USEFUL WEBSITES

Arizona Department of Environmental Quality
www.azdeq.gov

Follow ADEQ on facebook and twitter as well:
www.facebook.com/azdeq
twitter.com/ArizonaDEQ

Maricopa County Air Quality Department
www.maricopa.gov/aq

Clean Air Make More Campaign
www.CleanAirMakeMore.com

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
www.epa.gov/burnwise

Air Now Air Quality Forecasts
www.airnow.gov

Publication No. C 10-11
What is a No Burn Day and how does it affect me?

When air pollution levels are on the rise and weather conditions create dry, stagnant air, the Maricopa County Air Quality Department will issue a “No Burn Day.” Restrictions last for a 24-hour period, starting at midnight, and include a ban on woodburning activity including fireplaces, fire pits or open outdoor fires. The purpose of the No Burn Day restriction is to avoid adding pollution to our air when the forecast suggests air quality will approach or exceed the federal health standard.

Who must comply with a No Burn Day?

No Burn Day restrictions apply to those living within Maricopa County and within incorporated cities and towns in Maricopa County. The area envelopes most of the cities and towns in the valley. Visit [http://www.azcommerce.com/doclib/COMMUNE/Maricopa%20County.pdf](http://www.azcommerce.com/doclib/COMMUNE/Maricopa%20County.pdf) for a detailed profile of Maricopa County and which cities and towns fall within the county limits. Woodburning in fireplaces, fire pits, chimineas and open outdoor fires are included in the No Burn Day restrictions.

How long does a No Burn Day last?

A No Burn Day goes into effect for a 24-hour period starting at midnight, lasting until midnight the following day. Example: a No Burn Day issued for a Friday would start at 12:01 a.m. on Friday morning and last until 12:00 a.m. 24 hours later.

Is it okay to burn manufactured/wax logs on a No Burn Day?

During a No Burn Day, one may NOT burn manufactured logs.

Who enforces the No Burn Days?

The Maricopa County Air Quality Department is responsible for enforcing No Burn Days. Air quality inspectors respond to residential, commercial and open burn complaints when a No Burn Day is in effect.

What is the penalty for burning during a No Burn Day?

Anyone using a non-approved residential wood burning device during a No Burn Day and who has not been issued an exemption will be given a warning and educational material for the first violation. Thereafter, one will be fined $50 for the second violation, $100 for the third violation and $250 for fourth and subsequent violations.

What is an approved residential wood burning device?

An approved residential wood burning device or an Environmental Protection Agency [EPA] approved device is a fireplace or woodstove that meets the EPA’s low air emissions standards. All approved devices will have a permanent label usually attached to the back of the device. Examples of these types of devices include gas fireplaces, gas logs and pellet stoves. These devices MAY be used during a No Burn Day. For more information, call 602-506-6734.

Maricopa County Air Quality Department
Clean Air: Make More
Maricopa County No Burn Day Information and Resources

- Log on to www.CleanAirMakeMore.com to find out if today is a No Burn Day.

- Sign up to receive email alerts or text messages when a No Burn Day is issued at www.CleanAirMakeMore.com and click “Make the Commitment.”

- Download the Clean Air Make More Desktop Widget which automatically updates with the current air quality forecast and restrictions. Find step-by-step instructions for the download on our website here: http://www.cleaairmakemore.com/widget.html.

- Not by a computer? Call the Maricopa County Burn Line at (602) 506-6400 for a recorded message in English and Spanish.

Follow us on Facebook and Twitter

You may report an air quality problem or polluter at any time by calling the Maricopa County Air Quality Department at (602) 372-2703 or file online at www.maricopa.gov/aq under the Contact Us/Report a Violation tab.

Maricopa County
Air Quality Department

1001 N Central Ave, Suite 500
Phoenix, AZ 85004
www.maricopa.gov/aq
www.CleanAirMakeMore.com